



SOLUCIONES ECUACIONES SEGUNDO GRADO

1. $x_1 = \sqrt{3}$ $x_2 = -\sqrt{3}$	13. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = -3$	26. $x_1 = 7/2$ $x_2 = -2/3$
2. $x_1 = 14$ $x_2 = -14$	14. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = -1/2$	27. $x_1 = 1$ $x_2 = -3$
3. $x = 0$	15. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = -5$	28. $x_1 = 1/3$ $x_2 = -2$
4. $x_1 = 1$ $x_2 = -1$	16. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = 3/4$	29. $x_1 = 2/3$ $x_2 = -3/4$
5. $x_1 = 5/2$ $x_2 = -5/2$	17. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = -8$	30. $x_1 = \frac{-1+\sqrt{37}}{18}$
6. $x = 0$	18. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = -1/3$	$x_2 = \frac{-1-\sqrt{37}}{18}$
7. $x_1 = 1/3$ $x_2 = -1/3$	19. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = 6/5$	31. $x_1 = \frac{5+\sqrt{145}}{20}$
8. $x_1 = 49$ $x_2 = -49$	20. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = -1/4$	$x_2 = \frac{5-\sqrt{145}}{20}$
9. $x_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ $x_2 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$	21. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = 1$	32. $x = \frac{4+\sqrt{-24}}{10} \notin \mathbb{R}$
$x_1 = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$ $x_2 = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$	22. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = 15/8$	33. $x_1 = 7$ $x_2 = -5$
10. $x_1 = 3\sqrt{2}$ $x_2 = -3\sqrt{2}$	23. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = -8/3$	34. $x_1 = -4$ $x_2 = -9$
11. $x_1 = \sqrt{17}$ $x_2 = -\sqrt{17}$	24. $x_1 = -1/2$ $x_2 = -2$	35. $x_1 = \frac{5+\sqrt{53}}{2}$
12. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = 1$	25. $x_1 = 7/3$ $x_2 = 3/2$	$x_2 = \frac{5-\sqrt{53}}{2}$



36. $x_1 = 7$ $x_2 = 3$	48. $x_1 = \frac{-5 + \sqrt{193}}{12}$	59. $x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{-63}}{8} \not\exists$
37. $x_1 = 5$ $x_2 = 2$	$x_2 = \frac{-5 - \sqrt{193}}{12}$	60. $x_1 = \frac{5 + \sqrt{5}}{10}$
38. $x_1 = 2/3$ $x_2 = -1$	49. $x_1 = 1$ $x_2 = -2$	$x_2 = \frac{5 - \sqrt{5}}{10}$
39. $x_1 = 3/4$ $x_2 = -1/2$	50. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = -5$	61. $x = 0$
40. $x_1 = 3$ $x_2 = -4$	51. $x_1 = 9/2$ $x_2 = 1/2$	62. $x = \sqrt{-\frac{3}{5}} \not\exists$
41. $x_1 = 3$ $x_2 = -9/5$	52. $x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-528}}{14} \not\exists$	63. $x_1 = \sqrt{3}$ $x_2 = -\sqrt{3}$
42. $x_1 = 3/5$ $x_2 = -1$	53. $x_1 = \frac{3 + \sqrt{89}}{10}$	64. $x = \sqrt{-\frac{3}{2}} \not\exists$
43. $x_1 = 5$ $x_2 = -8$	$x_2 = \frac{3 - \sqrt{89}}{10}$	65. $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = 4$
44. $x_1 = \frac{5 + \sqrt{97}}{3}$	54. $x_1 = 1$ $x_2 = -2$	66. $x_1 = 3$ $x_2 = -3$
$x_2 = \frac{5 - \sqrt{97}}{3}$	55. $x_1 = 2$ $x_2 = -5$	67. $x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{-16}}{2} \not\exists$
45. $x_1 = 4$ $x_2 = -7$	56. $x_1 = 1/2$ $x_2 = -1/5$	68. $x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{-31}}{20} \not\exists$
46. $x_1 = 1/3$ $x_2 = -$ $5/2$	57. $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{-39}}{8} \not\exists$	69. $x_1 = -2$ $x_2 = 1/3$
47. $x_1 = 5$ $x_2 = -5$	58. $x_1 = -4 + \sqrt{7}$ $x_2 = -4 - \sqrt{7}$	70. $x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{-15}}{2} \not\exists$



ECUACIONES DE SEGUNDO GRADO

Sin resolver las ecuaciones, di cuántas soluciones tienen:

- $16x^2 + 1 = 0$ $\Delta = -64$ No tiene solución
- $x^2 + 4x - 12 = 0$ $\Delta = 64$ Dos soluciones
- $-9x^2 = 12x + 4 \rightarrow 9x^2 + 12x + 4 = 0$ $\Delta = 0$ Una solución
- $9x^2 = -360 \rightarrow 9x^2 + 360 = 0$ $\Delta = -12960$ No tiene solución
- $20x + 4x^2 = -25 \rightarrow 4x^2 + 20x + 25 = 0$ $\Delta = 0$ Una solución
- $x^2 + x = -4 \rightarrow x^2 + x + 4 = 0$ $\Delta = -15$ No tiene solución

Factorizar las siguientes ecuaciones:

- $9x^2 - 1 = 0$ $9\left(x - \frac{1}{3}\right)\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right) = 0$
- $2x^2 + x = 0$ $2x\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$
- $x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$ $(x-2)^2 = 0$
- $2x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$ $2(x+2)\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$

Escribir una ecuación de 2º grado cuyas soluciones sean:

- 1 y -2 $(x-1)(x+2) = 0 \rightarrow x^2 + x - 2 = 0$
- $3/2$ $\left(x - \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 = 0 \rightarrow x^2 - 3x + \frac{9}{4} = 0 \rightarrow 4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$
- 0 y $-5/3$ $x\left(x + \frac{5}{3}\right) = 0 \rightarrow x^2 + \frac{5}{3}x = 0 \rightarrow 3x^2 + 5x = 0$
- No tenga solución $x^2 + 4 = 0$